- "(i) fuel that-
- "(I) directly meets the needs of the endusers described in paragraph (1); but
- "(II) has been previously used or fabricated for another purpose;
- "(ii) fuel that can meet the needs of the end-users described in paragraph (1) after removing radioactive or other contaminants that resulted from a previous use or fabrication of the fuel for research, development, demonstration, or deployment activities of the Department (including activities of the National Nuclear Security Administration);
- "(iii) fuel from a high-enriched uranium stockpile, which can be blended with lower assay uranium to become HA-LEU to meet the needs of the end-users described in paragraph (1); and
- "(iv) fuel from uranium stockpiles intended for other purposes, but for which material could be swapped or replaced in time in such a manner that would not negatively impact the missions of the Department;
- "(B) options for providing HA-LEU from domestically enriched HA-LEU procured by the Department through a competitive process pursuant to the HA-LEU Bank established under subsection (d)(3)(C): and
- "(C) options to replenish, as needed, Department stockpiles of uranium made available pursuant to subparagraph (A) with domestically enriched HA-LEU procured by the Department through a competitive process pursuant to the HA-LEU Bank established under subsection (d)(3)(C).
- "(5) LIMITATION.—The Secretary shall not barter or otherwise sell or transfer uranium in any form in exchange for services relating to—
- "(A) the final disposition of radioactive waste from uranium that is the subject of a contract for sale, resale, transfer, or lease under this subsection: or
 - "(B) environmental cleanup activities.
- "(6) APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts otherwise made available, there is appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this subsection, out of any amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2026.
- "(7) SUNSET.—The authority of the Secretary to carry out activities under this subsection shall terminate on the earlier of—
 - "(A) September 30, 2027; and
- "(B) the date on which the HA-LEU needs of the end-users described in paragraph (1) can be fully met by commercial enrichers in the United States.
- "(d) COMMERCIAL HA-LEU AVAILABILITY.-
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022, the Secretary shall establish a program (referred to in this subsection as the 'program') to accelerate the availability of commercially produced HA-LEU in the United States in accordance with this subsection.
- "(2) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the program are—
- "(A) to provide for the availability of HA-LEU enriched, deconverted, and fabricated in the United States;
- "(B) to address nuclear supply chain issues in the United States; and
- "(C) to support strategic nuclear fuel cycle capabilities in the United States.
- "(3) Considerations.—In carrying out the program, the Secretary shall consider and, as appropriate, execute—
- "(A) options to establish, through a competitive process, a commercial HA-LEU production capability of not less than 20 metric tons of HA-LEU per year by—
 - "(i) December 31, 2026; or
- "(ii) the earliest operationally feasible date thereafter;

- "(B) options that provide for an array of HA-LEU—
- "(i) enrichment levels;
- "(ii) output levels to meet demand; and
- "(iii) fuel forms; and
- "(C) options to establish, through a competitive process, a HA-LEU Bank—
- "(i) to replenish Department stockpiles of material used in carrying out activities under subsection (c); and
- "(ii) after replenishing those stockpiles, to make HA-LEU available to members of the consortium established under subsection (b)(2)(F).
- "(4) APPROPRIATIONS.—In addition to amounts otherwise made available, there is appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this subsection, out of any amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$150,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2022 through 2031.
 - "(e) COST RECOVERY .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out activities under subsections (c) and (d), the Secretary shall ensure that any HA-LEU acquired, provided, or made available under those subsections for members of the consortium established under subsection (b)(2)(F) is subject to cost recovery in accordance with subsection (b)(2)(G).
- "(2) AVAILABILITY OF CERTAIN FUNDS.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, United States Code, revenues received from the sale or transfer of fuel feed material and other activities related to making HA-LEU available pursuant to this section—
- "(A) shall be available to the Department for carrying out the purposes of this section, to reduce the need for further appropriations for those purposes; and
- "(B) shall remain available until expended. "(f) EXCLUSION.—In carrying out activities under this section, the Secretary shall not make available, or provide funding for, uranium that is recovered, downblended, converted, or enriched by an entity that—
- "(1) is owned or controlled by the Government of the Russian Federation or the Government of the People's Republic of China;
- "(2) is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, the Russian Federation or the People's Republic of China."
- SA 4826. Mr. TOOMEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCE-MENT ACCESS TO LIFESAVING FED-ERAL EQUIPMENT.

- (a) UNENFORCEABILITY OF CERTAIN REGULATIONS UNLESS ENACTED INTO LAW.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—No regulation, rule, guidance, policy, or recommendations issued on or after May 15, 2015, that limits the sale or donation of property of the Federal Government, including excess property of the Department of Defense, to State and local agencies for law enforcement activities (whether pursuant to section 2576a of title 10, United States Code, or any other provision of law, or as a condition on the use of Federal funds) shall have any force or effect after the

- date of the enactment of this Act unless enacted into law by Congress.
- (2) PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO ENFORCE REGULATIONS.—No agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government may use any Federal funds, fees, or resources to implement or carry out a regulation, rule, guidance, policy, or recommendation issued as described in subsection (a) that is not enacted into law by Congress.
- (b) RETURN OR REISSUE OF EQUIPMENT RECALLED OR SEIZED PURSUANT TO REGULATIONS.—Any property recalled or seized on or rule, guidance, policy, or recommendation issued as described in subsection (a) shall be returned, replaced, or re-issued to the agency from which recalled or seized, at no cost to such agency, as soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- SA 4827. Mr. ROUNDS (for himself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows: At the end of subtitle G of title XII, add
- At the end of subtitle G of title XII, add the following:

SEC. 1283. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON THE NECES-SITY OF MAINTAINING THE UNITED NATIONS ARMS EMBARGO ON SOUTH SUDAN UNTIL CONDITIONS FOR PEACE, STABILITY, DEMOCRACY, AND DEVELOPMENT EXIST.

It is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) the signatories to the Revitalized Agreement on the Resolution of the Conflict in the Republic of South Sudan, signed on September 12, 2018, have delayed implementation, leading to continued conflict and instability in South Sudan:
- (2) despite years of fighting, 2 peace agreements, punitive actions by the international community, and widespread suffering among civilian populations, the leaders of South Sudan have failed to build sustainable peace;
- (3) the United Nations arms embargo on South Sudan, most recently extended by 1 year to May 31, 2022, through United Nations Security Council Resolution 2577 (2021), is a necessary act by the international community to stem the illicit transfer and destabilizing accumulation and misuse of small arms and light weapons in perpetuation of the conflict in South Sudan;
- (4) the United States should call on other member states of the United Nations to redouble efforts to enforce the United Nations arms embargo on South Sudan; and
- (5) the United States, through the United States Mission to the United Nations, should use its voice and vote in the United Nations Security Council in favor of maintaining the United Nations arms embargo on South Sudan until—
- (A) the Revitalized Agreement on the Resolution of the Conflict in the Republic of South Sudan is fully implemented; or
- (B) credible, fair, and transparent democratic elections are held in South Sudan.
- SA 4828. Mr. BLUMENTHAL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year

2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle B of title XII, insert the following:

SEC. 1216. STRATEGY TO SUPPORT NATIONALS
OF AFGHANISTAN WHO ARE APPLICANTS FOR SPECIAL IMMIGRANT
VISAS OR FOR REFERRAL TO THE
UNITED STATES REFUGEE ADMISSIONS PROGRAM.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should increase support for nationals of Afghanistan who aided the United States mission in Afghanistan during the past 20 years and are now under threat from the Taliban, specifically such nationals of Afghanistan, in Afghanistan or third countries, who are applicants for—
- (1) special immigrant visas under the Afghan Allies Protection Act of 2009 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note; Public Law 111-8) or section 1059 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (8 U.S.C. 1101 note; Public Law 109-163); or
- (2) referral to the United States Refugee Admissions Program as refugees (as defined in section 101(a)(42) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(42))), including as Priority 2 refugees.
 - (b) STRATEGY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a strategy for the safe processing abroad of nationals of Afghanistan described in subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by paragraph (1) shall include a detailed plan—
- (A) to prioritize for evacuation from Afghanistan nationals of Afghanistan described in subsection (a);
- (B) to provide for expedited initial security vetting for such nationals of Afghanistan, to be conducted remotely before their departure from Afghanistan;
- (C) to facilitate, after such vetting, the rapid departure from Afghanistan by air charter and land passage of such nationals of Afghanistan who satisfy the requirements of such vetting:
- (D) to provide letters of support, diplomatic notes, and other documentation, as appropriate, to ease transit for such nationals of Afghanistan;
- (E) to engage governments of relevant countries to better facilitate evacuation of such nationals of Afghanistan;
- (F) to disseminate frequent updates to such nationals of Afghanistan and relevant nongovernmental organizations with respect to evacuation from Afghanistan:
- (G) to identify and establish sufficient locations outside Afghanistan and the United States that will accept such nationals of Afghanistan during application processing (including during the processes of vetting and establishing the eligibility of such nationals of Afghanistan before their travel to the United States, which shall include any required in-person interviews) for—
- (i) the special immigrant visas described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a); or
- (ii) referral to the United States Refugee Admissions Program described in paragraph (2) of that subsection;
- (H) to identify necessary resource, personnel, and equipment requirements to in-

- crease capacity to better support such nationals of Afghanistan and reduce their application processing times, while ensuring strict and necessary security vetting, including, to the extent practicable, by allowing such nationals of Afghanistan to receive referrals to the United States Refugee Admissions Program while they are still in Afghanistan so as to initiate application processing more expeditiously; and
- (I) to provide for relocation outside Afghanistan to third countries for nationals of Afghanistan described in subsection (a) who are unable to successfully complete security vetting and application processing to establish eligibility to travel to the United States.
- (3) FORM.—The strategy required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
 - (c) Monthly Report —
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and monthly thereafter until December 31, 2022, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security and the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on efforts to support nationals of Afghanistan described in subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) The number of nationals of Afghanistan referred to the United States Refugee Admissions Program as Priority 1 and Priority 2 refugees since August 29, 2021.
- (B) An assessment of whether each such refugee—
 - (i) remains in Afghanistan; or
 - (ii) is outside Afghanistan.
- (C) With respect to nationals of Afghanistan who have applied for referral to the United States Refugee Program, the number applications that—
 - (i) have been approved;
 - (ii) have been denied; and
 - (iii) are pending adjudication.
- (D) The number of nationals of Afghanistan who have pending applications for special immigrant visas described in subsection (a)(1), disaggregated by the special immigrant visa processing steps completed with respect to such individuals.
- (E) A description of the measures taken to implement the strategy under subsection (b).
- (d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs; and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives
- SA 4829. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. RELEASE OF REVERSIONARY INTEREST OF THE UNITED STATES IN NON-FEDERAL LAND IN SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

- (a) RELEASE.—There is released to the University of Utah, without consideration, the reversionary interest of the United States in the non-Federal land described in subsection (b).
- (b) DESCRIPTION OF NON-FEDERAL LAND.— The non-Federal land referred to in subsection (a) is the approximately 593 acres of land of the University of Utah—
- (1) depicted as "U of U Research Park" on the map— $\,$
- (A) prepared by the Bureau of Land Management;
- (B) entitled "University of Utah-Research Park"; and
 - (C) dated September 23, 2021;
 - (2) identified in the patent-
 - (A) numbered 43-99-0012; and
 - (B) dated October 18, 1968; and
- (3) more particularly described as tracts D (excluding the parcels numbered 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5), G, and J, T. 1 S., R. 1 E., Salt Lake Meridian

SA 4830. Mr. MANCHIN (for himself, Mrs. Capito, Mrs. Hyde-Smith, Mr. ROMNEY, Mr. COTTON, Mrs. BLACKBURN, and Mr. TESTER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes: which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title X, add the following:

SEC. 1043. HONORING HERSHEL WOODROW
"WOODY" WILLIAMS AS THE LAST
SURVIVING MEDAL OF HONOR RECIPIENT OF WORLD WAR II.

- (a) USE OF ROTUNDA.—Upon his death, Hershel Woodrow "Woody" Williams, who is the last surviving recipient of the Medal of Honor for acts performed during World War II, shall be permitted to lie in state in the rotunda of the United States Capitol if he or his next of kin so elects.
- his next of kin so elects.
 (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Architect of the Capitol, under the direction of the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, shall take the necessary steps to implement subsection

SA 4831. Mr. SCOTT of Florida submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

DIVISION E—FEDERAL INFORMATION SECURITY MODERNIZATION ACT OF 2021 SEC. 5101. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2021".